

# OFFICIAL FEEDBACK FORM

<b>DIALOGUE DATE</b>	Thursday, 6 May 2021 10:00 GMT +01:00
<b>DIALOGUE TITLE</b>	Youth Inclusiveness In Agricultural Transformation For Sustainable Food Systems In Nigeria
<b>CONVENED BY</b>	UnyimeAbasi Ben (SDGs Clubs Initiative) & Gabriel Aniabi (GoBeyond)
<b>DIALOGUE EVENT PAGE</b>	<a href="https://summitdialogues.org/dialogue/10249/">https://summitdialogues.org/dialogue/10249/</a>
<b>DIALOGUE TYPE</b>	Independent
<b>GEOGRAPHICAL FOCUS</b>	Nigeria

The outcomes from a Food Systems Summit Dialogue will be of use in developing the pathway to sustainable food systems within the locality in which they take place. They will be a valuable contribution to the national pathways and also of interest to the different workstreams preparing for the Summit: the Action Tracks, Scientific Groups and Champions as well as for other Dialogues.

# 1. PARTICIPATION

## TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

190

## PARTICIPATION BY AGE RANGE

10 0-18      75 19-30      90 31-50      13 51-65      2 66-80      80+

## PARTICIPATION BY GENDER

110 Male      79 Female      1 Prefer not to say or Other

## NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN EACH SECTOR

47	Agriculture/crops	20	Education	13	Health care
4	Fish and aquaculture	10	Communication	10	Nutrition
10	Livestock	9	Food processing	10	National or local government
	Agro-forestry	5	Food retail, markets	2	Utilities
20	Environment and ecology	6	Food industry	1	Industrial
11	Trade and commerce	9	Financial Services	10	Other

## NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS FROM EACH STAKEHOLDER GROUP

30	Small/medium enterprise/artisan	6	Workers and trade union
4	Large national business	3	Member of Parliament
3	Multi-national corporation	1	Local authority
15	Small-scale farmer	10	Government and national institution
10	Medium-scale farmer	5	Regional economic community
6	Large-scale farmer	2	United Nations
30	Local Non-Governmental Organization	1	International financial institution
30	International Non-Governmental Organization	13	Private Foundation / Partnership / Alliance
3	Indigenous People	3	Consumer group
17	Science and academia		Other

## 2. PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT

---

### HOW DID YOU ORGANIZE THE DIALOGUE SO THAT THE PRINCIPLES WERE INCORPORATED, REINFORCED AND ENHANCED?

The Dialogue gave all participants equal level of engagements. At the opening, participants were acquainted with the outlined Principles of Engagement.

### HOW DID YOUR DIALOGUE REFLECT SPECIFIC ASPECTS OF THE PRINCIPLES?

Participation of stakeholders was highly inclusive. Discussion was respectful and submissions highlighted inputs from all participants.

### DO YOU HAVE ADVICE FOR OTHER DIALOGUE CONVENORS ABOUT APPRECIATING THE PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT?

It is important to work with a dedicated team and a workable plan of action. The FSSD "Run of Show" template is a handy guide to rely upon.

# 3. METHOD

---

The outcomes of a Dialogue are influenced by the method that is used.

**DID YOU USE THE SAME METHOD AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONVENORS REFERENCE MANUAL?**

**Yes**

**No**

# 4. DIALOGUE FOCUS & OUTCOMES

## MAJOR FOCUS

- ✓ Bridge the gap between the disenchanting youth and an unproductive agricultural sector.
- ✓ Create the opportunity to access more alluring employment opportunities in the agricultural space with gender mainstreaming.
- ✓ Ensure food security through investment in smart agriculture.
- ✓ Augment the demographic dividend and Strengthen higher education in agriculture.
- ✓ Create platforms and policy frameworks that would allow youth determine the parameters of what, according to them, would be a successful agricultural transformative engagement.

### ACTION TRACKS

- ✓ Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- ✓ Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- ✓ Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- ✓ Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- ✓ Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

- ✓ Finance
- ✓ Innovation
- ✓ Human rights
- ✓ Women & Youth Empowerment
- ✓ Policy
- ✓ Data & Evidence
- ✓ Governance
- ✓ Trade-offs
- ✓ Environment and Climate

## MAIN FINDINGS

1. Investments towards building sustainable systems that guarantees safe and nutritious food right from farm to fork.
2. Promoting innovation and knowledge on risk-sharing to minimize losses and build resilience.
3. For youth, boosting nature-positive production can be started at a low-scale and scale up in a manner that manages, protects and sustain the natural ecosystem.
4. Initiating comprehensive compliance on foods and other consumable products by regulatory Agencies.
5. Adopting Train-of-Trainers (ToT) approach towards enhancing agribusiness through technology and innovation.
6. Provision of curriculum on climate smart agricultural practices and training youth as key actors as prerequisite for building resilience to shock and stress.
7. Planning, development and maintenance of social, economic and technological infrastructures.
8. Proper data management is urgently needed to accelerate equitable support systems.
9. Reliable insurance systems should be incorporated as core components of trainings as the basis for guarding investments.

### ACTION TRACKS

- ✓ Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- ✓ Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- ✓ Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- ✓ Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- ✓ Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

- ✓ Finance
- ✓ Innovation
- Human rights
- ✓ Women & Youth Empowerment
- ✓ Policy
- ✓ Data & Evidence
- ✓ Governance
- Trade-offs
- ✓ Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 1/5

Nigeria has massive land and large influx of produce, in which, with appropriate mechanization and management would be capable of reducing fake and imported processed foods. Youth at the dialogue therefore, strongly implored stakeholders to increase investments towards building sustainable systems that guarantees safe and nutritious food right from farm to fork.

In order to cut down on the high rates of food poisoning, the dialogue reached that it is therefore incumbent on regulatory agencies to initiate comprehensive compliance on foods and other consumable products producers.

### ACTION TRACKS

- Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

- Finance
- Innovation
- Human rights
- Women & Youth Empowerment
- Policy
- Data & Evidence
- Governance
- Trade-offs
- Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 2/5

(i) Adequate sensitization is required in order to advance food producer and other actors (within the value chain) to embrace innovation and obtain knowledge on sharing risk to minimize losses and build resilience.

(ii) As pertains sustainable consumption, the business, health and academic sub-sectors players including -dietitians, doctors, chefs, respective Ministries, Department & Agencies, have respective roles to play in advocacy and awareness creation through policies and curriculum upward reviews.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
<input type="checkbox"/>	Human rights	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Governance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate



## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 3/5

Young people are encouraged to start-up the practice of regenerative farming as a means of boosting nature-positive production. It can be started at a low-scale and scale -up in a manner that manages, protects and sustain the natural ecosystem. For instance, through green house and home gardening. Incentives and support systems, opportunities for programs and competitions should be included as part of policy implementation.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
<input type="checkbox"/>	Human rights	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Governance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 4/5

As a means of ensuring adequate technology and innovative knowledge transfer, youth insisted that investment in Train-of-Trainers (ToT) on modern techniques (especially for agriculturalist experts and interns) is urgently needed as primitive agriculture techniques cannot provide timely and needed outputs to meet the demands of an increasing population.

Participants are of the opinion that to boost food production and advance equitable livelihoods for all, government and all other stakeholders are called to be responsive and take responsibility for the provision of infrastructures to promote socioeconomic livelihood of in the sector as well as impacting the citizenry.

To advance equitable livelihoods of youth and secure their inclusive interest in Agriculture, the dialogue noted that seemingly invisible barriers be lifted. For instance, the Land Use Acts needs to be reviewed and allowed for access to land for agricultural purposes in addition to enable access to farm inputs and financing.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
<input type="checkbox"/>	Human rights	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Governance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 5/5

Building Resilience to shocks and stress:

- (i) Food banks should be created to tackle food shortages and hunger. Investment in food preservation would create employment for young people.
- (ii) Understanding climate conditions requires adoption and deployment of low-end land mapping and space technologies to improve yield and increase food production.
- (iii) Stakeholders in the sector are called to develop curriculum on climate smart agricultural practices and train youth as key actors as part of the sustainability plan for building resilience to shock and stress.
- (iii) Governments at all levels are asked to develop social, economic and technological infrastructures that supports the food systems.
- (iv) Proper data management is urgently needed to accelerate equitable support systems on food insecurity, food consumption pattern and resilience strategy.
- (v) Reliable insurance systems should be incorporated as core components of trainings as basis for guarding investments.
- (vi) A bolster multi-sectoral approach is needed in advancing research and development to transform the agricultural sector, expand the value chain and achieve sustainable food systems in Nigeria.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
<input type="checkbox"/>	Human rights	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Governance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate

## AREAS OF DIVERGENCE

There were no particular areas of divergence as topics were well discussed and outcomes reached.

### ACTION TRACKS

Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all

Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns

Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production

Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods

Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

Finance

Innovation

Human rights

Women & Youth Empowerment

Policy

Data & Evidence

Governance

Trade-offs

Environment and Climate