

# OFFICIAL FEEDBACK FORM

<b>DIALOGUE DATE</b>	Tuesday, 23 February 2021 19:00 GMT +00:00
<b>DIALOGUE TITLE</b>	Good Food For All
<b>CONVENED BY</b>	World Vision Ireland and Chefs' Manifesto
<b>DIALOGUE EVENT PAGE</b>	<a href="https://summitdialogues.org/dialogue/3940/">https://summitdialogues.org/dialogue/3940/</a>
<b>DIALOGUE TYPE</b>	Independent
<b>GEOGRAPHICAL FOCUS</b>	Ireland

The outcomes from a Food Systems Summit Dialogue will be of use in developing the pathway to sustainable food systems within the locality in which they take place. They will be a valuable contribution to the national pathways and also of interest to the different workstreams preparing for the Summit: the Action Tracks, Scientific Groups and Champions as well as for other Dialogues.

# 1. PARTICIPATION

## TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

48

## PARTICIPATION BY AGE RANGE

0-18

8

19-30

6

31-50

3

51-65

1

66-80

80+

## PARTICIPATION BY GENDER

5 Male

13 Female

Prefer not to say or Other

## NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN EACH SECTOR

1 Agriculture/crops  
1 Fish and aquaculture  
1 Livestock  
Agro-forestry  
Environment and ecology  
Trade and commerce

3 Education  
1 Communication  
1 Food processing  
1 Food retail, markets  
2 Food industry  
Financial Services

Health care  
Nutrition  
1 National or local government  
Utilities  
Industrial  
7 Other

## NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS FROM EACH STAKEHOLDER GROUP

Small/medium enterprise/artisan  
Large national business  
Multi-national corporation  
4 Small-scale farmer  
Medium-scale farmer  
Large-scale farmer  
1 Local Non-Governmental Organization  
1 International Non-Governmental Organization  
Indigenous People  
6 Science and academia

Workers and trade union  
Member of Parliament  
Local authority  
3 Government and national institution  
Regional economic community  
United Nations  
International financial institution  
1 Private Foundation / Partnership / Alliance  
Consumer group  
2 Other

## 2. PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT

### HOW DID YOU ORGANIZE THE DIALOGUE SO THAT THE PRINCIPLES WERE INCORPORATED, REINFORCED AND ENHANCED?

Act with Urgency World Vision Ireland partnered with the Chefs' Manifesto to organise the first Independent Dialogue in Ireland. World Vision's strategy is directly working to support the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals in 6 crucial areas: mother and child health, economic empowerment, water, education, child protection, and food and agriculture. Participating in the UN Food Systems Summit, by organising an Independent Dialogue, not only offered the opportunity to participate in an UN event focusing on food/agriculture, but also to contribute to it by bringing stakeholders from diverse backgrounds in Ireland together and focus on Ireland's role in sustainable food systems. By organising the first Independent Dialogue in Ireland, World Vision expressed the urgency in which action needs to be taken here as well as globally. Commit to the summit The Independent Dialogue was organised following the guidelines set out by the Food Systems Summit. Members of the organising team participated in training sessions and used the handbooks as a close guide. Recognize Complexity This Independent Dialogue recognised the complexity of the topic and focused on the role of Ireland in sustainable food system. By narrowing the topic, it has been acknowledged that the topic is too broad to simply cover in one evening. Embrace Multi-Stakeholder Inclusivity To embrace and encourage multi-stakeholder inclusivity, the event was promoted on diverse social media platforms. In addition, a diverse panel was invited to frame the discussion and by also promoting the event on their channels, a wider and more diverse audience was reached. The background of individuals was identified within the registration process and this information allowed to create more diverse discussion

### HOW DID YOUR DIALOGUE REFLECT SPECIFIC ASPECTS OF THE PRINCIPLES?

World Vision Ireland recognized the need for urgent action and organised the first Independent Dialogue in Ireland. Partnering with the Chefs' Manifesto and inviting additional speakers to the panel discussion allowed to reach a wider and more diverse audience. By bringing stakeholders from diverse backgrounds together, the complexity of the issues pertaining to food sustainability and the diverse perspectives and priorities were recognized, accepted and valued. The discussions proved to benefit from the multi-stakeholder inputs.

### DO YOU HAVE ADVICE FOR OTHER DIALOGUE CONVENORS ABOUT APPRECIATING THE PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT?

The Principles of Engagement offer a blueprint for the successful run of an Independent Dialogue.

# 3. METHOD

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The outcomes of a Dialogue are influenced by the method that is used.

**DID YOU USE THE SAME METHOD AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONVENORS REFERENCE MANUAL?**

**Yes**

**No**

# 4. DIALOGUE FOCUS & OUTCOMES

## MAJOR FOCUS

The Independent Dialogue “Good Food for All” focused on Ireland’s role in sustainable food systems. To do this the dialogue session looked at how to increase the availability of nutritious food, making food more affordable and reducing inequities in access to food; how to eliminate wasteful patterns of food consumption; and how diets can transition towards more nutritious foods that require fewer resources to produce and transport.

Action Track 1 and Action Track 2 were the basis of this Independent Dialogue. Action Track 1 works to end hunger and all forms of malnutrition and reduce the incidence of non-communicable disease, enabling all people to be nourished and healthy. This goal requires that all people always have access to sufficient affordable and safe food products. Achieving this goal means increasing the availability of nutritious food, making food more affordable and reducing inequities in access to food. Action Track 2 works to build consumer demand for sustainably produced food, strengthen local value chains, improve nutrition, and promote the reuse and recycling of food resources, especially among the most vulnerable. This Action Track recognizes that we need to eliminate wasteful patterns of food consumption; it also recognizes that we need to facilitate a transition in diets towards more nutritious foods that require fewer resources to produce and transport.

“Good Food for All” examined what individuals can do to ensure more sustainable food systems. It addressed the need for the young generation to be involved in shaping the future food systems and addressed the link between climate justice and global sustainable food systems.

The following topics were discussed in groups:

Topic 1: A world where no one goes hungry: everyone has access to nutritious and affordable food.

Topic 2: Children and youth are actively involved in shaping our food systems

Topic 3: People make informed choices based on reliable information about how and where food is produced.

Topic 4: Climate Justice is at the heart of the global response to more sustainable food systems.

### ACTION TRACKS

✓	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
✓	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

	Finance	✓	Policy
✓	Innovation		Data & Evidence
✓	Human rights	✓	Governance
✓	Women & Youth Empowerment	✓	Trade-offs
		✓	Environment and Climate

## MAIN FINDINGS

The Dialogue showed that a social justice approach is needed when talking about food systems. Access to education, information and participation, as well as basic human rights, such as the right to a healthy environment and the right to be involved in important discussions, were addressed as key elements in the transformation of food systems.

Engagement in education on all levels has been identified as one of the main findings of the Dialogue. Education on food systems needs to be introduced much earlier in school curricula and it needs to continue far into adulthood, with a greater understanding of the true cost of food. Education about food systems needs to go beyond formal education and should reach into implementation.

The Dialogue has also shown a desire of the public to be involved in the process of transformation and decision making. The voice of the consumer needs to be taken more seriously on both the industry and policy level. The diverse perspectives of all involved need to be taken into consideration when approaching the complexity of sustainable food systems.

A need for cross-departmental cooperation has also been identified as important in creating holistic and meaningful policies.

### ACTION TRACKS

- ✓ Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- ✓ Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

- Finance
- ✓ Innovation
- ✓ Human rights
- ✓ Women & Youth Empowerment
- ✓ Policy
- Data & Evidence
- ✓ Governance
- ✓ Trade-offs
- ✓ Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 1/4

Topic 1: A world where no one goes hungry: everyone has access to nutritious and affordable food.

The right to food should be engrained in all policies. All governments (department of agriculture, trade, health, urban development, rural affairs, etc.) should ensure policy coherence, synergy and compatibility, and have common aims when it comes to food. Participation of those who are further down the food chain, such as farmers and consumers, must be ensured in decision making processes, and the general public needs to be included in this discourse. Education, therefore, is vital for a holistic view of food systems and understanding the true cost of food.

Climate action and change require us as individuals in Ireland to change our food choices and habits as it is developing countries who are feeling the worst impact. But also, at policy level, we need to have courageous conversations about some of our approaches which are centered on production and expansion.

### ACTION TRACKS

- Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

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- Governance
- Trade-offs
- Environment and Climate

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 2/4

Topic 2: Children and youth are actively involved in shaping our food systems

The concept of Food Systems needs to be made more accessible to young people and integrated at a sooner stage into the school curricula. Young people need to understand the complexities and trade-offs involved in shaping food systems.

By making the language more accessible to young people, they can be included in this dialogue. They should be actively involved in discussions and decisions around shaping future sustainable food systems. More dialogues and forums for discussion are needed in general, with systems and processes put in place to ensure the voice of young people is heard at these. Consideration must also be taken of how young people tend to communicate, with a focus on digital communications.

Young people should be encouraged to develop innovative approaches to shaping future food systems. Collaborative approaches such as social entrepreneurship initiatives have the potential to create a high level of engagement.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Human rights	<input type="checkbox"/>	Governance
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate



## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 3/4

Topic 3: People make informed choices based on reliable information about how and where food is produced.

One problem with today's food systems is that choice is not universal. In order to move food systems forward, good and nutritious food needs to be available to all. Choice affects the quality of food. Tackling food poverty is a priority in achieving sustainable food systems.

The trade-offs between production and export need to be re-examined, as Irish agriculture is focused on dairy and meat exports, very little land is used for crops (human consumption) and most grain (60%) is grown to feed animals.

Education on nutritious and native food needs to start at a young age and beyond. Accurate information needs to penetrate. Reliable information - Farm to fork at EU level - giving more information to consumers through labelling. Countries need to work towards an EU standard.

### ACTION TRACKS

- Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
- Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
- Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
- Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
- Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

- |                                     |                           |                                     |                         |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Finance                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Policy                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Innovation                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | Data & Evidence         |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Human rights              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | Governance              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Women & Youth Empowerment | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Trade-offs              |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            |                           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Environment and Climate |

## OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC - 4/4

Topic 4: Climate Justice is at the heart of the global response to more sustainable food systems.

Having different conversations with different views will work towards a more involved solution. Important to get a systems perspective in a multi-lateral dialogue, that is non-polar, but takes different niches into consideration.

The SDGs with their indicators offer a blueprint to move forward and to measure what has already been achieved.

Access to land right has also been identified as an issue that needs to be challenged in order to achieve more sustainable food systems.

### ACTION TRACKS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
<input type="checkbox"/>	Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

### KEYWORDS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Finance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Policy
<input type="checkbox"/>	Innovation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data & Evidence
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Women & Youth Empowerment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Trade-offs
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Environment and Climate

## AREAS OF DIVERGENCE

The need for simplifying the language around food systems has been highlighted. However, at the same time it has been emphasized that there is a danger in not recognizing the complexity of the issue. The challenge remains in simplifying the language without simplifying the issue.

The true cost of food has to be recognized and rewarded, while making food available and affordable to all.

### ACTION TRACKS

- ✓ Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
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### KEYWORDS

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