OFFICIAL FEEDBACK FORM



DIALOGUE DATE	Friday, 11 December 2020 10:00 GMT +09:00
DIALOGUE TITLE	Japan National Food Systems Dialogue (The Evaluation Expert Committee on Promotion of Food and Nutrition Education)
CONVENED BY	Mr. Makoto OSAWA, Vice-Minister for International Affairs, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries of Japan, Convenor of Japan
DIALOGUE EVENT PAGE	https://summitdialogues.org/dialogue/5831/
DIALOGUE TYPE	Member State
GEOGRAPHICAL FOCUS	Japan

The outcomes from a Food Systems Summit Dialogue will be of use in developing the pathway to sustainable food systems within the locality in which they take place. They will be a valuable contribution to the national pathways and also of interest to the different workstreams preparing for the Summit: the Action Tracks, Scientific Groups and Champions as well as for other Dialogues.

1. PARTICIPATION

TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

19

PARTICIPATION BY AGE RANGE

0-18 19-30 31-50 51-65 66-80 80+

PARTICIPATION BY GENDER

Male Female Prefer not to say or Other

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS IN EACH SECTOR

Agriculture/crops Fish and aquaculture

Livestock

Agro-forestry

Environment and ecology

Trade and commerce

Education

Communication

Food processing

Food retail, markets

Food industry

Financial Services

Health care

Nutrition

2 National or local government

Utilities

Industrial

Other

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS FROM EACH STAKEHOLDER GROUP

Small/medium enterprise/artisan

Large national business

Multi-national corporation

Small-scale farmer

Medium-scale farmer

Large-scale farmer

Local Non-Governmental Organization

International Non-Governmental Organization

Indigenous People

Science and academia

Workers and trade union

Member of Parliament

Local authority

Government and national institution

Regional economic community

United Nations

International financial institution

Private Foundation / Partnership / Alliance

Consumer group

Other

2. PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT

HOW DID YOUR DIALOGUE REFLECT SPECIFIC ASPECTS OF THE PRINCIPLES?		
DO YOU HAVE ADVICE FOR OTHER DIALOGUE CONVENORS ABOUT APPRECIATING THE PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT?		

3. METHOD

The outcomes of a Dialogue are influenced by the method that is used.

DID YOU USE THE SAME METHOD AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONVENORS REFERENCE MANUAL?

Yes	✓	No
In the Evaluation Expert Committee on Promotion of Foo the outline of FSS including the purpose, the key issues various sectors made comments on that.	od and Nutrition Edu of sustainable foo	ucation held on 11th December 2020, MAFF explain od system etc. The members of the council from

4. DIALOGUE FOCUS & OUTCOMES

MAJOR FOCUS

In this dialogue, we mainly discussed challenges and opportunities related to Action Track2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns, especially focusing on the role of Food and Nutrition Education

ACTION TRACKS

Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all

Action Track 2: Shift to sustainable consumption patterns

Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production

Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods

Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

Finance	1	Policy
Innovation	1	Data & Evidence
Human rights		Governance
Women & Youth Empowerment		Trade-offs
		Environment and Climate

MAIN FINDINGS

The main remarks of the participants are below.

 \square It is very important for every country to consider how to make domestic food production more sustainable for contributing the achievement of SDGs.

Ilt is important not only for farmers to promote organic farming and other eco-friendly measures, but also for consumers to understand the importance of these farmers' efforts.

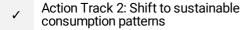
IJapan should demonstrate its domestic efforts to promote the understanding of consumers about "Ethical Consumption" based on the Basic Act on Shokuiku (Food and Nutrition Education).

In Japan there is not much progress on the understanding of nutritionists and researchers about importance of sustainable consumption considering not only health but also environmental impact. The related data including the EAT Lancet report should be provided to nutritionists and researchers to promote their understanding of this issue.

The situation that per capita GHG emissions from food current consumption pattern of Japan is relatively very low(the second lowest of G20 countries) should be widely recognized by the public and the factors of the low emission including cultural background and the way of keeping the current diet pattern should be disseminated.

ACTION TRACKS

Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and
nutritious food for all



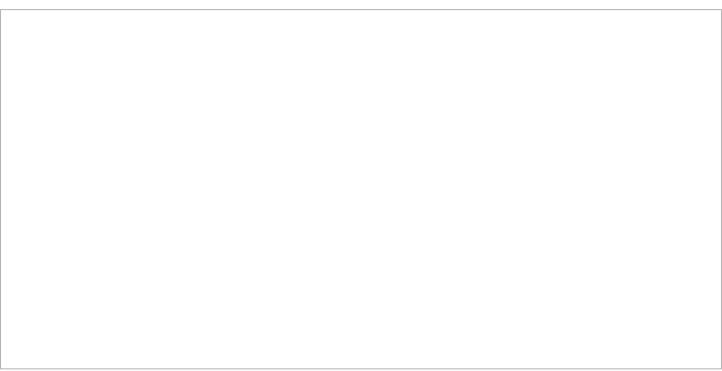
Action Track 3: Boost nature-positive production

Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods

Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

Financ	ce		Policy
Innova	ation		Data & Evidence
Huma	n rights		Governance
	en & Youth werment		Trade-offs
		/	Environment and Climate

OUTCOMES FOR EACH DISCUSSION TOPIC

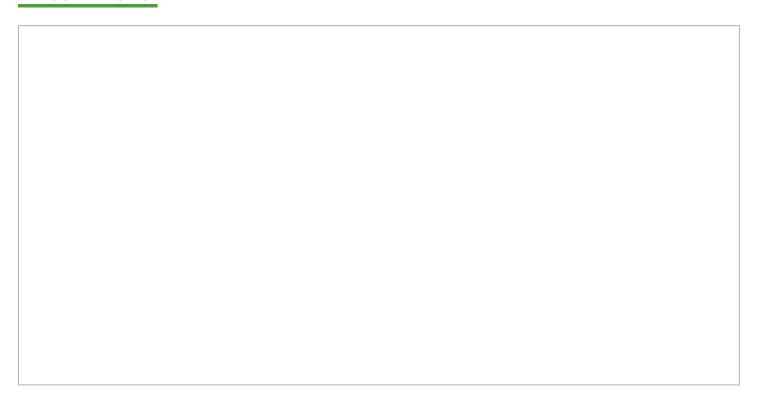


ACTION TRACKS

Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
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Finance	Policy
Innovation	Data & Evidence
Human rights	Governance
Women & Youth Empowerment	Trade-offs
	Environment and Climate

AREAS OF DIVERGENCE



ACTION TRACKS

Action Track 1: Ensure access to safe and nutritious food for all
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Action Track 4: Advance equitable livelihoods
Action Track 5: Build resilience to vulnerabilities, shocks and stress

Finance	Policy
Innovation	Data & Evidence
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ATTACHMENTS AND RELEVANT LINKS

RELEVANT LINKS

 The Evaluation Expert Committee on Promotion of Food and Nutrition Education (Japanese Only) https://www.maff.go.jp/j/syokuiku/kaigi/r02_03.html